OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

Pg. 1 of 2

POTATO UPDATE

Volume VIII, Issue 2

Hermiston Agricultural Research and Extension Center

May 9, 2014

2121 South 1st Street, Hermiston, Oregon 97838, T 541-567-8321 | F 541-567-2240 | http://oregonstate.edu/dept/hermiston/
Silvia I. Rondon, Extension Entomologist Specialist ● Philip B. Hamm, Plant Pathologist ●

Robert Cating, Plant Pathology Lab Diagnostician ● Carol Mills, Bio Science Tech

Insect Trap Report

Area Pest Alert, Umatilla & Morrow Co. Traps are collected on Thursdays.

TRAP	PTW	BLH	OLH
1	0	0	1
2	0	0	6
3	0	0	10
4	0	1	19
5	0	0	33
6	gone	0	3
7	0	0	18
8	0	0	8
9	0	0	2
10	0	0	2
11	0	0	2
12	0	0	4
13	0	0	3
14	0	0	13
15	0	0	2
16	0	0	8
17	0	0	3
18	0	0	13
19	0	0	0
20	0	0	0
21	0	0	0
22	0	1	0
23	0	0	6
24	0	0	1
25	0	0	1
26	0	0	5
27	0	0	4
28	0	0	6
29	0	0	6
30	0	0	8
31	0	1	0
		0	1
32	0	0	1
32 33	0	0	0

PTW: Potato Tuberworms BLH: Beet Leafhoppers OLH: Other Leafhoppers From BLH yellow sticky cards located outside potato circles.

TRAP	PP	OP
1	0	0
2	0	0
3	0	0
4	0	0
5	0	0
6	0	0
7	0	0
8	0	1
9	0	0
10	0	0
11	0	0
12	0	0
13	0	0
14	0	0
15	0	0
16	0	0
17	0	0
18	0	0
19	0	0
20	0	0
21	0	0
22	0	0
23	0	0
24	0	1
25	0	0
26	0	0
27	0	0
28	0	0
29	0	0
30	0	0
31	0	0
32	0	0
33	0	0
34	0	0

PP: Potato Psyllids OP: Other Psyllids

Agriculture, Family and Community Development, 4-H Youth, Forestry, Energy, and Extension Sea Grant Programs. Oregon State University, United States Department of Agriculture, and Umatilla County cooperating. The Extension Service offers its programs and materials equally to all people.

OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

Pg. 2 of 2

Armyworms and Cutworms, are they there yet?

- Many reports of "worms" (a.k.a. caterpillars) were made in the last couple of weeks in crops such as newly
 planted corn, wheat, canola and alfalfa. Potatoes may be next. Fields most at risk to economic infestations
 include those that were planted early.
- Several species of caterpillars (Lepidoptera) of various colors can sometimes be found in potatoes, but the
 most common ones in the Pacific Northwest are bertha armyworm, spotted cutworm, cabbage loopers and
 others.



Bertha armyworm



Spotted cutworm

- Armyworms and cutworms have three pair of true legs in the front, and five pair of pro-legs behind. Some species overwinter as medium-size larvae and can do a lot of damage to small plants early in the season.
 Weedy fields are often targeted for egg laying. Minor leaf feeding is often an early indicator of potential cutting that may ensue
- Damage to mature potato plants is usually minor, and these caterpillars usually do not require control.
 Cutworms and armyworms feed on foliage. Some cutworms are active mostly at night and therefore are difficult to sample.
- There are no established treatment thresholds for defoliating caterpillars in potatoes.
- Pyrethroid insecticide can be used (http://pnwhandbooks.org/insect/vegetable/irish-potato/pesticide-tables-potato); although it can lead to outbreaks of spider mites.

More information @ http://pnwhandbooks.org/insect/.

......Silvia Rondon, Extension Entomologist.

Pictures http://mothphotographersgroup.msstate.edu/species.php?hodges=10271